History Overview 2024

YR		Periods	Focus Values	Significant Events	Significant People	Through the ages
R	•	Change within living memory – life for our parents and grandparents	Mutual respect Democracy Resilience	Personal significant eventsCoronation of Charles III	 Current monarch Charles III Key members of royal family Current prime minister Thomas Edison – link to school logo and vision. 	How toys and technology have changed in the last 100 years.
1	•	School Days – Victorian schools and school today Local History – History of our school. Fire! Fire! – Great Fire of London	Creativity Aspiration Charity Compassion	 The Great Exhibition Opening of our school The Great Fire of London 	 Samuel Wilderspin opened schools with playgrounds during the Victorian era. Queen Victoria 	Schools Technology changes since the Great Exhibition. The fire service
2	•	Magnificent Monarchs – six significant kings and queens AD871 to today. Movers and Shakers – significant people having an impact on the world. Local History – impact of national and international events (eg: covid) on our community.	Rule of law Courageous advocacy Aspiration Creativity Compassion Individual Liberty Tolerance Mutual respect Charity	 William the Conqueror's invasion and the Feudal system. Battle of Hastings 1066 Henry's break with the Catholic Church and creation of Church of England. Elizabeth I's Royal Navy stopping invasion by the Spanish Armada in 1588. First person to walk on the Moon. Discovery of the Americas. Discovery of antiseptics. First expedition to reach the South Pole. 	 Monarchs: Alfred the Great, William the Conqueror, Henry VIII, Elizabeth I, Queen Victoria and Elizabeth II. Explorers: Neil Armstrong; Christopher Columbus; Vasco da Gama; Captain James Cook; Roald Amundsen Artists: Paul Cezanne; Vincent van Gogh; Claude Monet; William Shakespeare Activists: Emmeline Pankhurst; Rosa Parks; Mahatma Gandhi; Martin Luther King Jr; William Wilberforce; Malala Yousafzai Innovators: Joseph Lister; Florence Nightingale; Mary Secole; Edith Cavell; Elizabeth Fry; Isaac Newton; Marie Curie, Mary Anning; Katherine Johnson, Mary Jackson, Christine Darden and Dorothy Vaughan; Dr Barnado. 	Advancements in Science, exploration and innovation.
3	•	Through the ages - Stone Age to Iron Age Emperors and Empires – The Romans Local History – Earliest Yateley inhabitants	Tolerance Community Individual liberty Rule of Law Mutual respect Courage	 The Stone Age ended when Bell Beaker folk arrived c2500 BC. The Bronze Age ended when society in Britain and Europe collapsed. Iron Age in Britain started c800 BC and ended after Roman invasion in AD 43. Building of Hadrian's Wall Discovery of the Vindolanda tablets Constantine legalises Christianity AD 313. Romans left Britain in AD 410 Western Roman Empire collapse AD 476. 	 Significant Roman Emperors: Augustus (63 BC-AD 14); Tiberius (42 BC-AD 37); Caligula (AD 12-41); Claudius (10 BC-AD 54); Nero (AD 37-68); Trajan (AD 53-117); Hadrian (AD 76-138); Commodus (AD 161-192); Constantine (cAD 280-337). Boudicca, the queen of the Celtic Iceni tribe. Celtic warriors Boscombe Bowmen 	Tools and weapons Roads and transport Health and hygiene Religion

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4	An Eg Va • Inv Sa:	ncient Civilisations- ncient Suma, Ancient gypt and the Indus alley vasion - Anglo exons and Vikings ocal History – study f St Peter's Church.	Civilisation Equality Faith Individual Liberty	 Sargon the Great creates a single language and becomes first person to rule over an empire. Building of the Great Pyramid of Giza Saxon and Viking Invasions Norman Invasion King Athalstan – grandson of Alfred the Great becomes the first 'King of all England'. The finding of Tutankhamun's tomb 	•	Sargon the Great Pharaohs and Kings of ancient Egypt: King Narmer; King Khufu; King Hatshepsut; Amenhotep IV; Tutankhamun. British archaeologist Howard Carter. King Athalstan – grandson of Alfred the Great. Monk Augustine - first Archbishop of Canterbury.	Language Migration Trade
5	Gr Gr • Of	roundbreaking reeks – Ancient reece ff with her head! udors	Diversity Creativity Democracy Tolerance Compassion Individual Liberty Mutual respect	 Impact of Athens – first democratic political system First Olympic games Plato founding first university. Break from the catholic church and formation of the church of England 	•	Cleisthenes - 'father of Athenian democracy'. Pericles - Athenian statesman and general Socrates - Athenian philosopher Plato - Athenian philosopher Hippocrates - father of medicine Alexander the Great Tudor monarchs The six wives! Hans Holbein - artist Cardinal Thomas Wolsey, Thomas Cromwell and Thomas More Shakespeare	Language Arts Sport Learning Health and Hygiene Crime and Punishment
6	an Loc im the Fir (Fa Year 6 Greece local st	ritain at War – WW1 and WW2 cocal Study appact of the wars on the local community arst powered flight arnborough) to do Y5's Ancient the topic instead of tudy for 2024-25 tue to curriculum tes	Peace Mutual Respect Tolerance Individual Liberty Rule of Law Democracy Responsibility Community Resilience	Battle of Ypres (1914) Battle of the Somme (1916) United States joining the Allied Powers (1917) Evacuation of Dunkirk Battle of Britain D day Pearl harbour bombing VE Day Armistice Day.	•	Anne Frank Neville Chamberlain Winston Churchill Adolf Hitler Samuel Cody	Home conveniences Weaponry Role of women